BOOK I.]

and in other lexicons &c., it is applied to a young, newly-born, camel : and in the L, voce , to a foctus in a she-camel's belly : see an ex. of its meaning a young sucking camel (one of many such exs.) in the first paragraph of art. زجل; and a strange similar usage of the first of the following pls. in a verse cited voce :] the pl. is فُصْلَان, (Sb, S, M, Mgh, O, Msh, K,) agreeably with rule, (Sb, M,) and فِصْلَانٌ, (Sb, Fr, M, Mşb, K,) formed by likening the sing. to فصال is a pl., (Sb, M,) and غربان of which , غراب (Sb, S, M, Msb, K,) as though it were an epithet, (Sb, M, Msb,) like تريم of which كرام, is a (M, K.) _ Also A aid [or wall of enclosure], (M, O, K,) having little height, (O, K,) before, or in front of, a fortress; (M, K;) or (K) before, or in front of, the [main] wall of a city or town. وَثَقُوا سُور المدينة بِكَبَاش One says, وَثَقُوا سُور المدينة بِكَبَاش [They strengthened the wall of the city by means of buttresses and a low wall in front of it]. (TA.) __ And A piece of stone; of the measure in the sense of the measure مفعول in the sense of the measure . (TA.)

or فخذ A piece of the flesh of the فصيلة [or thigh]: (Hr, IAth, O, K, TA :) or, accord. to Th, (O, in the K " and ") a piece of the limbs, or members, of the body. (O, K, TA.) - And A man's nearer, or nearest, (S, M, O, K) and and (M, K) [i. e. hinsfolk, or sub-tribe &c.]: or [some] of the nearest of the analytic of a man: from the first of the significations mentioned in this paragraph: (IAth, TA:) it signifies less than the it : (Mgh, Msb :) or less than the تَعْبُ : (TA :) [see شَعْبُ in two places :] or the nearest to him of the II [meaning male ancestors and including paternal uncles] of a man : (Th, M, K, TA:) [or any one of such persons; for] El-Abbás [one of Mohammad's paternal uncles] was called فَصِيلَةُ النَّبِيَّ : the term is like in relation to the human foot. (TA.) means They came, all of them, or جَاؤُوا بِفَصِيلَتِهِمْ all together. (S, O.)

an epithet applied to a man, (O,) Who praises men much in order that they may bestow upon him: an adventitious, not indigenous, word : (O, K :) [and] loquacious in every place. (MA.)

[as an act. part. n.] Separating ; dividing; or making a separation, or partition. (Msb.) مَنْ أَنْفَقَ نَفَقَةً فَاصِلَةً, It is said in a trad., مَنْ أَنْفَقَ نَفَقَةً (\$,* 0, K,*) , فِي سَبِيلِ ٱللهِ فَهِمَ بِسَبْعِمِائَةِ ضِعْف meaning [Whoso expends expense] such as distinguishes between his belief and his unbelief [i. e. such as distinguishes him as a believer, it shall be rewarded with seven hundred fold]: (S, O, K, TA:) or, as some say, such as he cuts off from his property. (TA.) And one says كَلَام فَاصل (K and TA in art. فَيْصَلْ * (A ibid.) فَيْصَلْ i. q. فارز (O and K, and TA ibid.) i. e. Discrimi- •

nating language. (TA ibid.) And حُكُمْ فَاصلْ and ¥ فَيْصَلْ A judgment, or judicial sentence, that is decisive, and therefore meaning,] that has effect ; and in like manner, * حكومة فيصل : and An act of piercing or thrusting] طَعْنَة فَيْصَلْ * with a spear or the like] that decides between the two antagonists. (M, K, TA.) As an epithet applied to God, الفَاصل means The Decider between the خَلْق [i. e. the human race, or these and other created beings,] on the day of resurrection. (Zj, TA.)

see 1, near the middle. It also signifies : فَيْصَلْ A cut, or severance, (O, TA,) such as is complete, (TA,) between two persons. (O, TA.) - And it is also an epithet: see فاصل, in four places. _ And [hence] it signifies + A judge, one who decides judicially, an arbiter, or arbitrator; (S, O, K;) and so * فَيْصَلِي : (Ibn-'Abbad, O, K :) in the Expos. of the "Miftáh" [of Es-Sekkákee] by the seyyid [El-Jurjánce] it is implied that it is in this sense a tropical intensive appellation. (TA.)

A bead [or a bead of gold or a gem] that فاصلة forms a separation, or division, between the pair of [other] beads [i.e. between every two other beads] in a string thereof. (M, K. [See also مُفَصَّلْ) ., of which it is the sing., فَوَاصلُ [hence] . + The final words of the verses of the Kur-án, (O, K,) and of the clauses of rhyming prose [in general], (Msb and K and TA in art. مجع,) that are like the rhymes of verses ; (O and K in the present art., and Msb and TA in art. ;) and [the

Any place of meeting [or juncture, as مَغْصِلْ being a place of separation,] of two bones of the body and limbs or members ; as also * فَصْلٌ : (M. K:) a single one of the مفاصل of the limbs or members: (S, O, Msb, K:) [a joint such as the elbow and knee and knuckle : and sometimes a joint as meaning a bone having an articulation at each end, or at one end, together with the flesh that is upon it :] in a trad. in which it is said that of a human being is the مفصل the mulct for any third of the mulct for the [whole] finger, it means the مَغْصل of any of the fingers or toes ; i. e. the portion between any أَنْهَلَتَان [here meaning two knuckles; but this is a loose and an imperfect explanation; for to it should be added, and also the ungual portion, or portion in which is the nail; for the word is here applied to denote any of the phalanges with the flesh that is upon it : in the T الأَنْهَلَة one of the explanations of ، نهل .sc., in art. is "the مَفْصِل in which is the nail"]. (TA.) يَأْتِيكَ بِالأَمْرِ مِنْ مَفْصِلِهِ, And [hence] one says, + [He will tell thee the thing, or affair, tracing it from the point on which it turns, or hinges; (like as one says, من فَصّه, q. v. ;) or], from its utmost point or particular, i. e., مُنْتَهَاه. (Msb.) [This saying may be originally a hemistich, thus:

وَيَأْتِيكَ بِالأَمْرِ مِنْ مَغْصِلْهُ

like the similar saying ending with .] - In the following saying of Aboo-Dhu-eyb, [the former half of which I give from art. طفل in the S, the latter half only being cited in the present art. in the S and M and O,]

[And verily discourse from thee, if thou wouldst bestow it, would be (like) gathered honey of bees in the milk (lit. milks) of camels such as have recently brought forth, having young ones with them, such as have young ones with them [and] that have brought forth but once, whose bringing forth has been recent, such milk being mixed with water like the water of the المفاصل, [مفاصل] (which is pl. of مَفْصلٌ, S, O) signifies (accord. to As, S, O) the place of separation (منفصل) of the mountain from the tract of sand, these two having between them crushed and small pebbles, so that the water thereof is clear, (S, M, O,) and glistens, (وَيَبَرْقُ , S, O,) or and is shallow ; (; وَيَبْرَقُ the poet meaning to describe the clearness of the water because of its descending from the mountain and not passing by dust nor earth: (M:) or it signifies hard stones (M, K) compactly disposed, or heaped up : (M, K: in the former, and end in the latter, and (M, K) it is said to signify (M) what is between two mountains, (M, K,) consisting of sand and crushed pebbles, the water whereof is clear: (K:) or, accord. to AO, the water-courses of a valley: (O:) accord. to Abu-l-'Omeythil, the clefts in mountains, from which mater flows; and only said of what are betreen two mountains: in the T, the مفصل is said to be any place, in a mountain, upon which the sun does not rise : (TA :) and it is said that means mhat flows from between the ماً: المَفَاصِل two joints (مِنْ بَيْنِ الْهَفْصَلَيْنِ) when one of them is cut from the other; like clear water; and the in مفاصل M :) AA says that the : مفصل in the verse are the مفاصل of the bones; and that it likens that water to the ale of the flesh : (O, TA :) and IAar says the like thereof. (TA.)

المفصل + The tongue ; (S, M, O, Msb, K ;) as being likened to an instrument. (Msb.)

A necklace between every two pearls عقد مفصل [or other beads] of which is put a bead [of another kind], (S, O, TA,) or a شَذَرة [or bead of gold, &c.], or a gem, to form a division between every two of the same colour, or sort. (TA.) ______, أَيَات مُغَصَّلَات _____ in the Kur [vii. 130] mcans [Signs, or miracles,] between every two whereof was made a separation by a period of delay: or which were made distinct, plain, or manifest. (TA.) __ And الهُفَصَّل is an appellation of The portion of the Kur-án from [the chapter entitled] المُجْرَات [i.e. ch. xlix.] to the end; accord. to the most correct opinion : or from القتال [ch. xlv.]: or from الجاثية [ch. xlv.]: 303 *