[i.e. One not conceiving during a year, or two years, or some years], and fat: (O, K:) thus having two contr. significations. (K.) And, (K,) accord. to IDrd, (O,) A she-camel having a large hump, and fat; (O, K;) and so though she be not i. (O.)

فث

A [basin such as is termed] فَاتُورِ ; (M, L, K;) thus it means with the vulgar: (L:) or a مُسْتَخَان of gold, or of silver : (O:) or the طُسْت (T, K,) or طُشْتَخَان, (O, and so in some copies of the K,) [i. e. a large circular tray, of brass or other metal, which serves as a table for food, being generally placed upon a stool, the persons who eat sitting on the floor]; (Lth, T, Z, O, K;) thus it means with the vulgar: (Lth, T, Z, O:) or a خوان [or table upon which food is eaten], made of marble, (Lth, T, S, M, O, K,) by the people of Syria, who thus call it, (Lth, T, O,) or of silver, (T, S, M,) and the like, (S,) or of gold: (M, K:) or of any kind accord. to some: (TA:) or a ala [q. v.] of silver, (T, Nh, TA,) or of gold: (Nh, TA:) [but this seems to be virtually a repetition; for it is said that] فَاتُورِيَّةٌ , occurring in pl. of pauc. of أَخُونَةُ pl. of pauc. of جَامٌ (T, O) and جَامَاتٌ (T, O) [خِوَانٌ accord. to IAar, or of جامة accord. to IB, who holds جام to be likewise a pl. of جامة [: (T:) is a word of the people of Syria and El-Jezeereh: (M:) and it signifies (S, O, L) in the dial. of the people of El-Jezeereh, (L,) a مائدة [sometimes meaning table in an absolute sense, but properly one with food upon it]: (S, O, L:) [hence,] one says, مُمْرَعَلَى فَاتُورِ وَاحِدِ (Lth, T, S, M, O, L, TA) i. e. وَاحِدَةٍ وَاحِدَةٍ, (Ş, O, L, بَسَاطِ TA,) and أَمُنْزِلَةٍ وَاحِدَةِ and بَسَاطِ , (O, TA, [in both of which the former word is without any vowel-sign to the , so that it may be either بَسُط واحد or إبسَاط or بَسَاط, (TT as from the M,) or as though meaning على بساط thus expl. by Lth, as said of the people of Syria and El-Jezeereh: (TT as from the T:) [it means, app., They are living upon one kind of fare; upon one footing; upon one level or stratum:] in the copies of the K, [or in the generality of the الهَنْزِلَةُ is expl. as signifying الفَاتُورُ [,copies thereof and النشاط; but النشاط is a mistake for البساط. (TA. [My MS. copy of the K has the right reading (البساط), without any trace of alteration.]) _ Also ! The breast, or bosom: (K:) or a wide breast or bosom; applied by a poet to that of a woman; as being likened to the خوان so called. (M.) _ And † The disk of the sun (S,* O, K) is so das being likened to the فاثور so called. (O.) _ And ‡ A [bowl such as is termed] ; (M, K, TA;) thus with [the tribe of] Rabee'ah; (M, TA;) for the like reason. (TA.) And A [vessel such as is termed] مَاجُود and (AA, T, O, K) and باطية; all which words mean the same thing. (AA, O, TA.) ___

And, accord. to the R, A [molten piece such as is termed] مَنِيكَة of silver: and some say, a silver البريق [or ewer]. (TA.) = Also A company of men upon the frontier of a hostile country, that go after the enemy, in pursuit. (Ibn-'Abbad, O, K.)

And A spy; syn. جَاسُوسُ. (Ibn-'Abbad, O, K.)

see the preceding paragraph, former

فثي

4. افشى He was, or became, tired, (K, TA,) and languid; from running [&c.]. (TA. [But this is for أُثْثُأُ: see an ex. in a verse cited in art. [فثأً

فج

1. وَخُبُّ , (TA,) [sec. pers. عُجُبُّ , aor. وَخُبُرِي ,] inf. n. فَجُبُّ , (Ṣ,* O,* Ķ,* TA,) He had the feet wide apart: or, said of a man, he had the knees wide apart: and, said of a beast, or quadruped, he had the hochs wide apart : (TA:) افختی is more ugly than what is termed . (Ṣ, O, Ķ.)

— See also 7. فَحَةٌ رِجُلَيْهِ (TA,) and فَحَةٌ مِعْلَيْهِ فَجُّ , inf. n. يَفُجُّ , inf. n. يَفُتُّ , بَيْنَ رِجْلَيْهِ (S, O, TA,) He opened [or parted] his legs (S, O K, TA) widely; [i. e. he straddled;] (TA;) and so افتج رجليه (K,) or افتج رجليه, he parted his legs widely, said of a man and of a beast; (O;) so too المتعارضة [alone], and فتر (TA;) and one says also تفاج السوaning the same], of one walking, (S, K, TA,) and meaning he did thus to make فِحَاج , inf. n. فِحَاج , inf. n. فِحَاج , and مفاجة, both of these verbs said of a man; but ♥ تفاح signifies he parted his legs very widely ; (TA;) and القاجّة is said of a she-camel, (A, O,) يلْحَلْبِ [to be milked]; (A;) and of a sheep or goat (شَاةً). (O.) مَا شَيْءٌ يُفَاجُ لا وَلَا يَبُولُ (O.) (شَاةً) [What is a thing that straddles and will not make water?] is an enigma: it is a thing like a couch, having four legs. (A, TA.) in the language of the Arabs is The making an opening, or interval, between two things. (TA.) __ And ____ ِفَجّ ، (S, O, K,) aor. أُفُجّها , (S, O,) inf. n. القَوْسَ (TA,) I raised the string of the bow [so as to make it distant] from its حبد [q.v.]; (S, O, K;) (so in the O,) فَجُ الأَرْضَ _ (S, O.) . فَجَوْتُهَا or افتح الارض, (so in the K,) He clave the ground, or earth, with the plough, in a manner not approved. (O, K.) = is said of a horse &c., He purposed, or desired, to run. (TA.) = See also خُجَاجَةُ

2. تَغْجِيخ The making [a thing] to be crude [or not thoroughly cooked]. (KL.) [See

3: see 1, in three places.

4. افتح: see 1, former half. — Also, (L,) or

nuted. — And, the former, He travelled a road such as is termed غنج ; (O, L, K;) said of a man; (O;) as also الفتاد. (L.) — And IIc, (a man, S, O,) or it, (a thing, Msb,) hastened, went quickly, or was quick; (S, O, Msb, K;) mentioned by I Aar. (S.) — See also 1, near the end.

6: see 1, in three places.

7. اِنْفَجَاجٌ (A,) inf. n. اِنْفَجَاجٌ (O,) The bow had its string distant from its عَبْد [q.v.]; (A, O;) [and so, app., ﴿ نَجْبُ for] ﴿ فَجُنْ in a bow, signifies the state of having the string distant from the عُبد thereof. (S, O.)

8: see 4.

A wide road between two mountains; (S, A, O, K;) and المُحَاجُ signifies the same: (O, K:) or, in a mountain: (AHeyth, TA:) or, in the anterior part of a mountain, wider than a [q. v.]: (TA:) or a depressed road: (Th, TA:) or a conspicuous and wide road: (Msb:) or a far-extending beaten track or road: (A Heyth, TA: [see an ex. in a verse cited voce :]) or, accord. to ISh, [a track] as though it were a road; and sometimes it is a road between two mountains, (L, TA,) or having on either side what is termed a فأو [a word variously explained], (so in the L,) or between two walls (حَائطَيْن), (so in the TA,) and extending to the distance of two days' journey, or three, if a road or not a road; and if a road, abounding with herbage: (L, TA:) pl. [of mult.] فجاج (Th, S, O, Msb) and [of pauc.] , which is extr. [with respect to analogy], (Th, TA,) and أَفْتَج . (Msb.) = See also the next paragraph, in two places.

An opening, or intervening space, (O, K, TA,) between two mountains. (TA.)

an inf. n.: (TA:) see 1, first sentence:
and see also 7.

[a pl. of which the sing. is not mentioned] i. q. اَنْقَلَاءَ [Such as are heavy, slow, sluggish, &c.], (IAar, O, Ķ.) of men. (IAar, O.)

. فَجُاجُ see .