U, to God: (TA:) a judge; a ruler, or governor; (T, K;) in these senses, likewise, applied to a man; and, with the article U, to God: (T:) a manager, a conducter, or an orderer, (S, M, K,) of affairs of another. (S.)

مَدُينُ \* A debtor; (Ṣ, M, Mṣb,\* Ķ;) as also

الله مُدَينُ \* مُدُينُ \* (Ṣ,\* M, Mṣb,\* Ķ,) this last

of the dial. of Temeem, (M,) and الله مُدَانُ \* (K;) or all of these, (M, K,) or

الله مُدَانُ \* (Ķ:) or all of these, (M, K,) or

الله مُدَّانُ \* (Ṣ, TA,) one much in debt: (Ṣ, M, K,

TA:) and الله \* مُدَّانُ \* signifies one who takes, or receives, a

loan, or the like; who borrows; or who takes, or

receives, or buys, upon credit: (Sh, T, Mṣb:)

and also one who repays a debt: (Sh, T, TA:)

thus bearing two contr. meanings: (TA:) or also

one who gives, or grants, credit; or sells upon

credit: (Mṣb:) pl. دَانُونَ النَّاسُ إِلَّا نَحْنُ دِينًا

\* وَكَانَ النَّاسُ إِلَّا نَحْنُ دِينًا

\* وَكَانَ النَّاسُ إِلَّا نَحْنُ دِينًا

\* \*

[And the people, except us, were debtors]. (S.)

see the next preceding paragraph.

. 🕳 [Also Repaid, requited, compensated, or recompensed: and reckoned with.] in the Kur [xxxvii. 51], means أَثُنَّا لَهَدينُونَ Shall we indeed be requited, and reckoned with? (S, TA.) [See also what follows, in two places.] = Possessed; owned; had, or held, under authority: (TA:) [and hence,] a slave; fem. with 5: (S, M, K:) [or] so called because abased by work. (Ķ.) غَيْر مَدِينِينَ, in the Kur [lvi. 85], accord. to Zj, means Not held under authority: but Fr says, I have also heard [it explained as meaning] not requited [for your deeds]. (T.) [And it is said that] أَثُنَّا لَهُدِينُونَ [mentioned above] means ائنّا لَهُمْلُوكُونَ [i.e. Shall we indeed be held in possession, or under authority, as servants of God?]. (M.)

مُدينَةُ (Ṣ, Ķ:) so called because had, or held, in possession, or under authority. (Ṣ,\* TA.) [See also art. مدن.]

أَنَا ٱبْنُ مَدِينَتَهَا means I am he who is acquainted with it; (IAar, T,\* M,\* Ķ;) like ابن بَجْدَتِهَا [q.v.]. (IAar, T.)

in two places. مُدَّانٌ see مُدَّانٌ

مديان, applied to a man, (S, M, K,) and also to a woman, (M, K,) without \$\(\delta\), (M,) One who gives, or grants, loans, or the like, (Sh, T, M, K,) to men, (M,) much, or often: (Sh, T, K:) and also, (Sh, T, K,) if you will, (Sh, T,) one who seeks, or demands, loans, or the like, much, or often: (Sh, T, K:) thus bearing two contr. significations: (K:) or one whose custom it is to take, or receive, by incurring debt, or to buy upon credit; and, to seek, or demand, loans, or the like: (S:) or it is an intensive epithet, signifying one having [many] debts: (IAth, TA:) pl. مدايين, (M, K,) masc. and fem. (TA.)

in two places. مَدْيُونٌ see . مَدْيُونٌ

. دَيِّنْ see : مُتَدَيِّنْ