the senses here explained,) or المحذ (as in other copies of the K, and in the L and TA, [but the former is the more agreeable with the form of the pl.,]) A camel beginning to become fat; (L, K;) or to become aged : (K :) pl. أواخذ. (L.) Milk that bites the tongue ; syn. قارص. (K.) [See [.أُخُذَ

[A place where, or whence, a thing is taken : pl. مَاخذ الطَّير [Hence,] [.مَاخذ The places whence birds are taken. (K, TA.) - [The source of derivation of a word or phrase or meaning.] - A way [which one takes]; as in the phrase, سَلَكَ المَأْخَذَ الأَقْرَبَ He went the nearest may. (Msb. in art.)_[See also 2, last sentence but one.]

أخيد вее : مَأْخُودُ

A man withheld [by a رَجُلٌ مُؤَخَّدٌ عَنِ النَّسَاءِ kind of enchantment or charm (see 2)] from women. (L.)

see what follows.

[Requiring to be clipped; i. e.] long; applied to hair. (K.) - Lowering his head, or stooping, (As, S, L, K,) by reason of inflammation of the eyes, or ophthalmia, (As, S, L,) or by reason of pain, (As, S, L, K,) or from some other cause ; (L;) as also * أَحَدْ , q. v. (TA.) Lowly, or submissive, (AA, L, K,) by reason of disease; as also * مؤتّخذ (AA, L.)

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2. أَخْبَر (Ş, K, &c.,) inf. n. تَأْخير (K,) is trans. (S, K, &c.) and intrans.: (K:) as a trans. verb it signifies He made to go back or backwards, to recede, retreat, retire, or retrograde : he put, or drove, back : he put, or placed, behind, or after; back, or backward : he made to be behind, or posterior, or last: he made to remain behind, hold back, hang back, or lag behind : he kept, or held, back : he postponed, put off, procrastinated, deferred, delayed, or retarded : he made backward, or late : contr. of قَدْمَ (Msb, TA.) أَخْرَنِي (Msb, TA.) He granted me a delay, or postponement, إلى مدة to a certain term, or period. (TA in art. اجل.) For its significations as an intrans. verb, see 5, in two places.

5. تأخر is quasi-pass. of the trans. verb تأخر; (S, A, Msb;) i. e. He, or it, went back or backwards, drew back, receded, retreated, retired. or retrograded : became put, or driven, back : became put, or placed, behind, or after : became behind, posterior, or last : he remained behind, or in the rear ; held back, hung back, lagged behind, or delayed; was, or became, backward, or late : it was, or became, kept back, postponed, put off, procrastinated, deferred, delayed, or retarded : contr. of is syn. therewith ; استأخر * (TA:) and : تَعَدَّمَ (S, K :) and الخبر , inf. n. أخر signifies the same, being intrans. as well as trans. (K.) An ex. of the latter occurs in a saying of Mohammad to 'Omar: اخرا عنى Retire thou from me : or the meaning is, أَخَرْ عَنَّى رَأَيْكَ [hold thou back from me thine opinion; or reserve thou thine was rent, or slit, in its back, or hinder, part,

opinion until after mine shall have been given]. (TA.) You say, تَأَخُرُ عَنْهُ تَأَخُرُةُ وَاحدة [He went

back, &c., from him, or it, once]. (Lh.) And , He went back, &c., الأَمْر or رَتَاخَر عَنِ الشَّيْء from the thing, or the affair : he was, or became, behind, behindhand, or backward, with respect to it: he held back, hung back, refrained, or abstained, from it; and متأخر استأخر signifies the same. (The Lexicons in many places.) فَإِذَا جَاء in the Kur vii. 32 and أَجَلُهُمْ لَا يَسْتَأْخُرُونَ ♦ سَاعَةً other places, means And when their time is come, for punishment, they will not remain behind, or be respited, [any while, or] the shortest time : or they shall not seek to remain behind, by reason of intense terror. (Bd.)

10: see 5, in three places.

[an epithet variously explained]. One says, in reviling, (S, TA,) but not when the object is a female, (TA,) أبعد الله الأخر, (Th, S, A, &c.,) and الأخر (M, &c.,) or this latter is wrong, (Meshárik of 'Iyád, Mgh, Msb,) as is also الأخر (Meshárik of 'Iyád,) meaning t May God alienate, or estrange, from good, or prosperity, or may God curse, him who is absent from us, (A, Msb, TA,) distant, or remote : (A, Msb :) or the outcast; the alienated : (Msb :) or him who is put back, and cast away : so says Sh: or, accord. to ISh, him who is put back, and remote from good: and he adds, I think that ♥ الأخير is meant: (L:) or the base fellow : or the most ignoble: or the miserable wretch: (Et-Tedmuree and others :) or the last speaker : (Nawadir of Th:) or الاخر is here a metonymy for the devil: (Lb:) it is a word used [for the reason explained voce [in relating what has been said by one of two persons cursing each other, to the other; (Expositions of the Fs;) and the phrase above mentioned is meant to imply a prayer for those who are present [by its contrasting them with the person to whom it directly applies]. (A.) One also says, أر مرحبا alluding to a particular person,] meaning, بالأخر [May the place, or land, not be ample, or spacious, or roomy,] to the remote from good. (TA.) It is said in a trad. of Mázin, إِنَّ الأُخِرَ قَدْ زَنِّي Verily the outcast, (Mgh, Msb,) or he who is remote, and held back, from good, (Mgh,* TA,) hath committed adultery, or fornication : the speaker meaning himself; (Mgh, Msb;) as though he were an outcast. (Msb.) And in another trad. it is said, المَوْ كَسْبِ المَوْ Begging is the most ignoble [mode of] gain of man: but El-Khattabee relates it with medd, [i. e. الخراب] explaining it as meaning begging is the last thing whereby man seeks sustenance when unable to gain [by other means]. (TA.)

The back, hinder, or latter, part : the hindermost, or last, part : contr. of قَدْهُ. (K.) [See also ; from which it appears to be distinguished by its being used only adverbially, or with a preposition : and see الخر.] You say, بَعْنَ أُخُر and مِنْ أُخُر (Ş, Ķ,) His garment

(S,) or behind. (K.) And تَأَخَرُ أَخُرًا [He retired backwards]. (A.) And أَخُرًا see : see أَخُرُا المُ in two places.

I sold it (namely the article of بعُتْهُ بِأَخْرَة merchandise, TA) with postponement of the payment; upon credit; for payment to be made at a future period; syn. بنظرة; (Ş, A, K;) i. e. (.§.) بِنَسِيْعَة

. آخر see : بأُخَرَة and أُخَرَة

i: see ، أَخُرى, of which it is the fem. : and see also .

another fem. of أَخُرَاة (K.) . آخر and إخريًا and إخريًا see

Relating to the other state أُخْرَاوِي and أُخْرَاوِي Relating to the other state of existence, or the world to come.]

أخيرًا and أخيرً: see أخيرًا, in five places. See also أُخَرًا.

a subst., of the measure أفعل, but implying the meaning of an epithet, (S,) from أخر in the sense of تَأَخَّر, (TA,) Another; the other; a thing [or person] other than the former or first; (L;) i. q. نَجُلْ أَخَر; (K;) as in the phrases, رَجُلْ أَخَر another man, and ther garment or piece of cloth: (TA:) or one of two things [or persons]; (S, Sgh, Msb;) as when you say, The people جاً، القَوْمُ فَوَاحِدْ يَفْعَلُ كَذَا وَآخَرُ كَذَا came, and one was doing thus, and one [i. e. another] thus : (Sgh, Msb :) originally meaning more backward : (TA :) fem. * أُخْرَى (S, Mşb, K) and (, (K;) which latter is not well known : (MF :) pl. masc. أَخُرُ and أَخُرُ; (Ş, K;) [the latter irreg. as such;] and, applied to irrational things, أواخر, like as أفاضل is pl. of ; أُخَرُ and pl. fem. أُخْرَيَاتْ and pl. fem. ; أُفْضَلُ (S, Msb, K;) which latter is imperfectly decl.; for an epithet of the measure أَنْعَلْ which is accompanied by من has no [dual nor] pl. nor fem. as long as it is indeterminate; but when it has the article ال prefixed to it, or is itself prefixed to another noun which it governs in the gen. case, it has a dual and a pl. and a fem.; but it is not so with ; for it has a fem. [and dual] and pl. without ال and without the article من and without its being prefixed to another noun : you say, آخرينَ and بِرِجَالٍ أُخَرَ and , مَرَرْتُ بِرَخُلٍ آخَرَ and بِنَسْوَة أُخَرَ and بِنَسُوَة أُخَرَ [I passed by another man, and by other men, and by another woman, and by other women;] therefore, as it [namely] is thus made to deviate from its original form, [i. e. آخر, (I'Ak p. 287,) which is of a class of words used, when indeterminate, alike as sing. and dual and pl.,] and is [essentially and originally] an epithet, it is imperfectly decl.,